











Timor-Leste

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score	WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score	WBL 2.0 expert opinions score
65.0	23.3	31.3

Women, Business and the Law 2024 (WBL 2024) identifies barriers for women’s economic empowerment in three areas: women’s legal rights, policy instruments designed to support the implementation of these rights, and how these rights are realized in practice. For that purpose, three new *Women, Business and the Law 2.0* indexes are presented for ten indicators: (1) legal frameworks, (2) supportive frameworks, and (3) expert opinions. For the WBL 2.0 legal frameworks index, 40 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. For the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks index, 30 questions are scored across the ten indicators for 190 economies. Overall economy level legal and supportive frameworks scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. The WBL 2.0 expert opinions index is created for a total of 164 economies. Expert opinion scores are not available for 26 economies due to an insufficient number of responses received from those economies during data collection. Individual responses at the economy level for 15 expert opinions questions across the ten indicators are scored by taking the median value of all responses per question. The economy level expert opinions index is equal to the simple unweighted average of the ten indicator scores.

For Timor-Leste, data refer to the legal frameworks, supportive frameworks, and expert opinions that are applicable to the main business city (Dili). The scores for Timor-Leste are shown in the table below.

Women, Business and the Law 2024 2.0 indicator scores

										
WBL 2.0 Legal frameworks score	25.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	75.0	75.0	0.0	25.0	100.0	100.0
WBL 2.0 Supportive frameworks score	50.0	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	33.3	0.0	50.0
WBL 2.0 Expert opinions score	25.0	50.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	37.5	0.0	25.0	25.0	75.0

In summary, the **WBL 2.0 legal frameworks score** for Timor-Leste (65.0 out of 100.0) is higher than the global average (64.2) and higher than the East Asia & Pacific regional average (57.8). When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement, laws affecting women's pay, laws affecting women's property and inheritance and laws affecting the size of a woman's pension, Timor-Leste obtains a perfect score (100.0 out of 100.0). As an example, one of the lowest scores for Timor-Leste is on the indicator measuring laws affecting childcare. To improve on the Childcare indicator, Timor-Leste may wish to consider legally establishing provision of childcare services in center-based settings, introducing legislation on any form of support to families for childcare services, putting in place legislation on any form of support to non-state childcare providers and adopting legislation on quality standards for the provision of childcare services in center-based settings.

The **WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks score** for Timor-Leste (23.3 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (39.5) and lower than the East Asia & Pacific regional average (33.9). Timor-Leste does not attain a perfect score on any of the WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks indicators. There is room for improvement across all ten indicators. As an example, one of

the lowest scores for Timor-Leste is on the indicator measuring supportive frameworks affecting women's decisions to work. To improve on the Workplace indicator, Timor-Leste may wish to consider publishing guidelines on non-discrimination based on gender in recruitment, publishing guidelines on flexible work arrangements and establishing a specialized body that receives complaints about gender discrimination in employment.

The **WBL 2.0 expert opinions score** for Timor-Leste (31.3 out of 100.0) is lower than the global average (65.7) and lower than the East Asia & Pacific regional average (64.8). Timor-Leste does not attain a perfect score on any of the WBL 2.0 expert opinion indicators. There is room for improvement across all ten indicators. As an example, one of the lowest scores for Timor-Leste is on the indicator measuring expert opinions on childcare.

WBL 2.0 legal frameworks data

QUESTION	ANSWER	LEGAL BASIS
Safety		
Does the law address child marriage?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law address sexual harassment?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law address domestic violence?	Yes	Domestic Violence Law, Art. 2(2)(a)-(d), 35, and 37; Penal Code, Arts. 52(2)(l), 154, and 173(a)
Does the law address femicide?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Mobility		
Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code, Art. 1561
Can a woman travel internationally in the same way as a man?	Yes	Decree-Law No. 12/2017, Amending Decree-Law 52/2016, Arts. 14 and 16; Ministerial Resolution No. 10/2017
Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Do a woman and a man have equal rights to confer citizenship on their spouses and their children?	Yes	Nationality Law No. 9/2002, Arts. 9 and 11
Workplace		
Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code, Art. 1569
Does the law explicitly prohibit discrimination in recruitment based on marital status, parental status, and age?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender?	Yes	Labor Law, Art. 6
Does the law allow employees to request flexible work?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Pay		
Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	Labor Law, Sec. 38(1)
Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Marriage		
Is the law free of legal provisions that require a married woman to obey her husband?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 1559 and 1560
Can a woman be "head of household" or "head of family" in the same way as a man?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 1562 and 1944
Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man?	No	Civil Code, Art. 1494
Parenthood		
Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers?	No	Labor Law, Art. 59(1)
Are leave benefits for mothers paid solely by the government?	Yes	Decree-Law No. 18/2017, Art. 4(2); Labor Law, Arts. 59 and 61

Is paid leave available to fathers?	Yes	Labor Law, Art. 60(1)
Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited?	Yes	Labor Law, Art. 65
Childcare		
Does the law establish the provision of center-based childcare services?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish any form of support for families for childcare services?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish any form of support for nonstate childcare providers?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law establish quality standards for the provision of center-based childcare services?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Entrepreneurship		
Can a woman undertake entrepreneurial activities in the same way as a man?	Yes	Commercial Companies Act of 2017, Art. 13; Civil Code, Art. 1572
Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law prescribe a gender quota for corporate boards?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Does the law include gender-sensitive procurement provisions for public procurement processes?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Assets		
Do a woman and a man have equal administrative power and ownership rights to immovable property, including land?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 126, 1559, 1570 and 1574; Law No. 6 of 2017, Art. 11
Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 2000(1)(a) and 2006
Do male and female surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 2006, 2008 and 2011
Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions?	Yes	Civil Code, Arts. 1610 and 1615-1617
Pension		
Are the ages at which a woman and a man can retire with full pension benefits the same?	Yes	Decree-Law No. 17/2017, Arts. 17 and 18
Are the ages at which a woman and a man can retire with partial pension benefits the same?	Yes	No applicable provisions could be located
Is the mandatory retirement age for a woman and a man the same?	Yes	Labor Law, Art. 47(c)
Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits?	Yes	Decree-Law No. 18/2017, Art. 13

WBL 2.0 supportive frameworks data

QUESTION	ANSWER	SOURCE
Safety		
Has the government developed comprehensive mechanisms to address violence against women?	Yes	Safe Room (Fatin Hakmatek); National Action Plan Against Gender-Based Violence 2022-2032; Timor-Leste National Police (PNTL) Vulnerable Persons Unit (VPU)
Are special procedures in place for cases of sexual harassment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is a government entity responsible for monitoring and implementing national services, plans and programs addressing violence against women?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is an annual budgetary allocation devoted to violence against women risk mitigation, prevention, and response programs?	Yes	National Action Plan Against Gender-Based Violence 2022-2032
Mobility		
Are passport application processes the same for a woman and a man?	Yes	Passport application procedures

Are the application processes for official identity documents the same for a woman and a man?	Yes	ID application procedures
Does a current policy or plan explicitly consider the specific mobility needs of women in public transportation?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Workplace		
Does a specialized body receive complaints about gender discrimination in employment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has the government published guidelines on nondiscrimination based on gender in recruitment?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has the government published guidelines on flexible work arrangements?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Pay		
Are pay transparency measures or enforcement mechanisms in place to address the pay gap?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Have sex-disaggregated data on employment in different industries or sectors been published?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Marriage		
Is there a fast-track process or procedure for family law disputes?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are there specialized family courts?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is legal aid available for family law disputes?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Parenthood		
Is it possible to apply for maternity benefits through a single government application process?	Yes	Decree-Law 18/2017, Art. 24 (2)
Are incentives in place to encourage fathers to take paternity leave on the birth of a child?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Have sex-disaggregated data on unpaid care work been published?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Childcare		
Is there a publicly available registry or database of childcare providers?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by parents?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Is there a clearly outlined application procedure to request financial support from the government for childcare services by nonstate childcare providers?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Has the government published any reports on the quality of childcare services?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Entrepreneurship		
Have sex-disaggregated data on business activities, entrepreneurship, or women-owned businesses been published?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are government-led programs supporting female entrepreneurs providing access to finance and training, coaching, or business development?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Does a current national government plan or strategy focus on women's access to financial services?	Yes	National Strategy for Financial Inclusion (2017-2022)
Assets		
Are mechanisms or incentives in place to encourage women to register immovable property (including joint titling)?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Are awareness measures in place to improve women's access to information about marital and inheritance rights?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Have anonymized sex-disaggregated data on property ownership been published?	No	Insufficient evidence located
Pension		
Are incentives in place to increase women's retirement benefits?	No	Insufficient evidence located



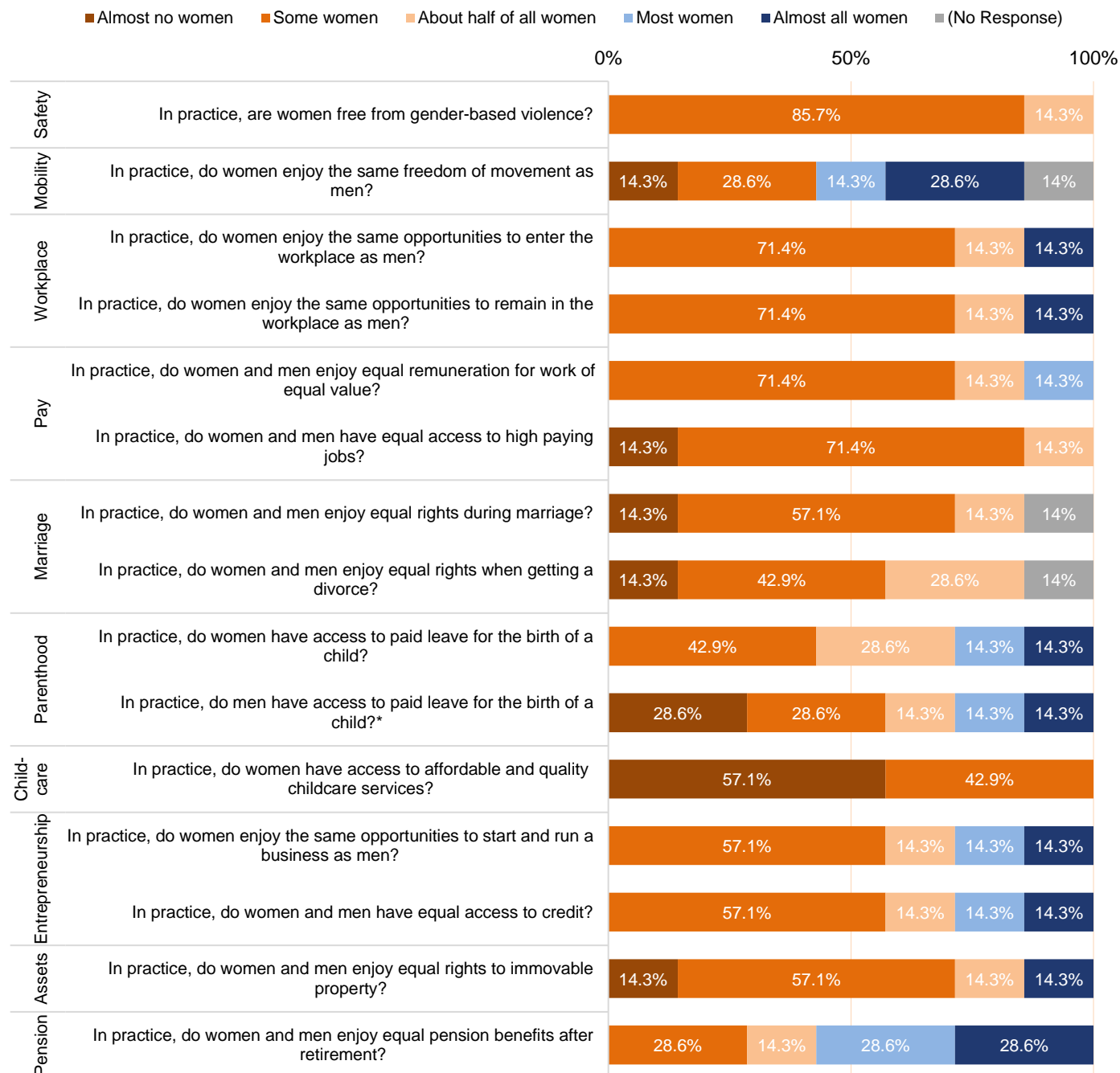
Is a procedure in place for pension beneficiaries to challenge the decisions of the competent authority regarding their benefits?

Yes

Law No. 12/2016 for the Creation of the Contributory Social Security, Arts. 15 and 53; Decree Law 19/2008, Sec. 28



WBL 2.0 distribution of expert opinion responses



*Note: The response options for the second Parenthood question above are formatted as almost no men, some men, about half of all men, most men, almost all men.